[Numb. 869.]

The South-Carolina Gazette.

From Monday *December* 31ſt, to Monday *January* 7th, 1751.

[illegible] *from* Lex Merca[illegible]ia.

[illegible] the rule of juſtice and law of nature, that man [illegible] ſhould be deprived of the common and [illegible] and to be given into the power of another with[illegible] cauſe or guilt.

The debtor is either puniſhed for guilt or coherſion: If for [illegible] to be found a debtor in [illegible] the rule of juſtice, [illegible] and therefore unjuſt to puniſh him [illegible] criminal guilt, [illegible] for coherſion, to make the debtor bring forth his [illegible] payment of the debt, it is alſo againſt the rule of juſtice to [illegible] a man by puniſhment to do that which appeareth [illegible] power, or where the law is already certified that [illegible] wherewithal to do, according to the [illegible] againſt the body by the common law [illegible] of debtors [illegible] the rule of juſtice to thruſt all [illegible] without reſpect to the different [illegible] in a heap [illegible] of fraud or obſtinacy, or [illegible] to more or leſs [illegible] honeſt or an [illegible] debt, to [illegible] means [illegible] whereby he may live or ſtarve in priſon [illegible] *twenty* years in priſons for [illegible] great [illegible] ſome are ſmall for trifles, ſome are ſuppoſed [illegible] ſome are no debts, [illegible] for cer[illegible] proved, and [illegible] debts and forfeitures [illegible] an hundred [illegible] by unlawful gain upon corrup[illegible] deſperate adventures.

[illegible] be ſaid, that impriſonment is no puniſhment [illegible] eaſe and pleaſure, *&c.* according to [illegible]

[illegible] the miſeries and afflictions of impriſonment are inex[illegible] cannot be conceived [illegible]

[illegible]

defendant's attorney, ſollicitor or counſellor, or with the witneſſes, *&c.* for love, malice, or ends of their own.

By perjury of witneſſes, in concealing, perv[illegible]ting and miſapplying truth, or depoſing untruth, and by ſubornation of witneſſes, or officers, *&c. &c.*

A man may likewiſe be diſabled and become inſolvent, by ſo many caſ[illegible]ies and acts of honeſt and good intentions, and conſequently become a debtor, and be caſt into priſon thereupon; as by ſuretyſhip, bail, or ſecurity, for kinſmen, friends, or others; likewiſe by loan unto thoſe who pay not again; alſo by falſhood of friends, ſervants and others put in truſt with monies, evidences, office, trade, and lands. Again, by moving a juſt ſuit in law, where might, practice, or falſhood, over[illegible]areth him, or many years ſuit conſumeth him.

Alſo by fire, water, ſhipwreck, and ſuch like ſudden and unreſiſtable accidents at ſea or land, by robbery of thieves and pirates.

By unprofitable buyings and ſellings of lands, leaſes, merchandizes, *&c.*

By arreſt, ſeizures, or pretence and detriment of foreign princes.

By ſudden loſs of friends or maſters, on whoſe favour any man's eſtate dependeth.

Alſo by errors in making or keeping reckonings and accompts, or by loſing or not calling for acquittances, bills, bonds, releaſes or engagements and aſſurances, for warranties, annuities, dowers, jointures, legacies, and ſuch like.

By uſurers and uſury, eating up a man's eſtate by intereſt and forfeitures; and by a multitude of other means, whereby no man is ſecured, but may become a debtor and inſolvent.

And this law taketh no conſideration, or admits no information thereof, but [illegible] gives the whole forfeiture, without any conſcionable reſpect, and the after-proceedings are ſuitable; for after judgment, tho' the debtor, by his goods, diſcharge 99 *l.* out of 100 *l.* principal, yet the body is ſubject to be impriſoned 'till he pay the whole forfeiture of 200 *l.* And the words of the ſtatute are, "That if he have no goods nor chattels, nor enough to ſatiſ"fy the whole, his body ſhall be impriſoned for the reſt 'till he "make payment or agreement." *Marlebridge* cap. 23. *Ann.* 52. *H.* 3. *&c.*

So every way, it is in the abſolute will and power of the creditor to caſt the debtor's body into priſon; when in all conſcience and equity, if he have no means to pay, he ought to be let out of priſon, or not to be impriſoned at all, becauſe the debtor's body can give no ſatisfaction at all to the creditor, being in itſelf conſidered.

Some priſoners have means and are willing, but cannot pay, either becauſe the preſent power of their eſtates is not in them; or in regard of the time, that they cannot ſell or receive payment; or in regard of the worth, for ſcarce any will buy a priſoner's lands, leaſe, or goods, at half the worth: Or in regard of others intereſted, without whoſe conſent he cannot diſpoſe thereof; or the eſtate is intangled with dowers, jointures, warranties, aſſurances, ſtatutes, *&c.* Some have not means ſufficient to pay all, and ſome have no means at all, and are kept in priſon becauſe they have rich friends, who for their ſakes live and die miſerable in priſon.

Some have means and will not pay, of fraud and obſtinacy; but of theſe, there is hardly found *one* of a *hundred*; for if that were ſo, the creditor (who ſearcheth the very veins of the debtor, and his eſtate) will rather ſeize and recover the priſoner's eſtate than caſt him into priſon, where if he die he loſeth all.

Now, if an honeſt man may innocently fall in the law, by ſuch a multitude of accidents, practices, and errors of [illegible], and by doing juſt and friendly offices to others, and may fall [illegible] in his eſtate, and become inſolvent by ſo many ways, caſually and [illegible]leſly in himſelf, and by the fault and errors of others, and cannot be

[illegible] a criminal debtor but one way, which is by fraud and obſtinacy only (of which ſcarce an example is to be found in a *hundred*) how can it ſtand with any charity or convenience, to neglect and paſs by many circumſtances, and to fall upon the debtor with ſuch cruelty, by laying ſuch a heap of miſeries upon him, his wife, children, and reputation at once, as impriſonment bringeth?

It is true that the ancient common laws of *England*, are very ſtrict in this point of maintaining pacts and contracts; but the contracts of thoſe times were ſimple, honeſt, and legal, and the recovery was againſt the eſtate only; for there were no penal bonds known, nor uſury practiſed by *chriſtians* when theſe laws were made; but all *our* contracts and bonds, or the greateſt part, are corrupted with uſury and forfeitures, which are extortion in a high degree: And to force men to perform ſuch, with the loſs of their eſtates, credit, liberty, and many times of life too, is moſt inequitable.

Eſpecially, ſeeing the law provides every creditor his full damage, without help of a penal bond, which ſheweth that all forfeitures are needleſs, and they are unjuſt alſo [illegible] make the uſurer judge of his own damage, which of right belongeth to the judgment of the law.

But it will be ſaid, that the chancery doth [illegible] and rigor of the law in uſuries for forfeiture[illegible] judgments may be reverſed by attaint, errors, [illegible] &c.

The anſwer is, that the remedy is worſe than the diſeaſe; for all courſes of relief by law in chancery, are hard, tedious, uncertain, long, and extreme chargeable; and it is a lamentable caſe, that when the debtor is unjuſtly or unconſcionably caſt in the law, ſtripped of his eſtate, his body impriſoned, his liberty tied up, his credit deſtroyed, his friends baniſhed; then to ſend him ſo diſabled, to ſeek remedy by new ſuits in chancery, which are chargeable above meaſure: And with the ſame extremity, doth the ſtatute of bankrupts deal with the poor debtor, as heretofore hath been declared.

That priſoners are compaſſed with a multitude of ineffable miſeries and heavy afflictions, and therefore ſome cannot chooſe to become weak in faith, ſtaggered or deſperate when there is no man to ſpeak a word of comfort in due ſeaſon, appeareth by the miſerable ends of many deſperate perſons, whereby one with ſhame and diſtemper loſeth his ſenſe and dies; another, for want and poverty, periſhed; one, with fear and grief, breaks his heart outright; another's heart that cannot break, the Devil is ready to teach him deſperately how to make away; one uncharitably flies from his keeper; another deſperately adventures his life to break [illegible], and finally, many are careleſs and given to all vices. For faith is rightly compared to a lamp, which muſt have oyl continually to maintain its light, or otherwiſe is ſoon extinguiſhed. So doth God's word maintain faith by continual preaching, whereof priſoners are deſtitute for moſt part.

Objection. Some men will excuſe the unconſcionableneſs of the law, alledging that in ſeizing the debtor's body and goods, and giving way to uſuries, forfeiture and corrupt bargains, the law doth no more than the debtor himſelf hath contracted under his hand and ſeal; And, *volenti non fit injuria*. Whereunto is anſwered,

1. That the guilt of the law cannot be ſo waſhed off, for in debts where there is no contract under the debtor's hand and ſeal, the law gives the debtor's goods and his body into priſon, at the creditor's will.

2. That the debtor is not *volens*, for it is againſt every debtor's will to pay uſury or forfeiture; but he is preſſed thereto, by his own neceſſity on the one ſide, and the creditor's uncharitable will on the other, who will not lend but for uſury and forfeiture.

3. The common ſaying, *volenti non fit injuria*, is a falſe poſition, elſe is it lawful to kill a man that is willing to die, which is abſurd; for the will or conſent of the party to an act that is in itſelf unjuſt, cannot make the act juſt, nor juſtify the actor.

[*To be continued.*]

CUSTOM-HOUSE, CHARLES-TOWN, *Enter'd Inwards.*

Snow Conſtantia, Peter Renſton, from Hull.
Ship Induſtry, Andrew Cowan, from *Liſbon*.
Ship Molly, Thomas Penny, from Barbados.
Brigt. James & John, Hugh Wyllie, from Greenock.
Brigt. Friendſhip, Barzillai Folger, from Nantucket.
Brigt. Sarah, William Merſyer, from New York.
Snow Lamb, Job Lewis, from Newry.
Sloop Anne & Elizabeth, William Dickinſon, from St. Kitts.
Sloop Induſtry, William S[illegible], from Provid[illegible]
Sloop Betſy, Benjamin Flower, from Philadelphia.

Enter'd Outwards.

Brigt. Friendſhip, Barzillai Folger,
Ship Loyal Judith, James Cowie, and
Brigt. Charming Polly, [illegible], for London.
Snow Eglinton, Duncan McC[illegible]
Snow Brockholes, James Allerby, and [illegible]
Ship Induſtry, Andrew Cowan, for *Portugal*.
Ship Samuel and Judith, Aaron King, for Cowes.
Brigt. Sarah, William Merſyer, for Dover.
Sloop Speedwell, William Wall, for Rhode Iſland.

Clear'd for Departure.

Ship Live Oak, James Rodger, to London.
Ship St. Andrew, John Brown, and
Ship Priſcilla, William Wilſon, to Cowes.
Snow Prince William, W. McMackin, to Liverpool.
Ship Queen of Denmark, George Pariſh, to London.
Ship Nancy, Thomas Coatam, to Cowes.
Ship Nancy, John Copythorn, to Briſtol.
Ship George-Town Galley, John Bullman, to *Port*[illegible]
Ship Royal Union, Clement Nicholſon, to *Liſbon*.
Schooner Thomas & George, Thomas Thomas, [illegible]
Schooner Sarah & Frances, David Conyers, to Bar[illegible]
Schooner Spy, Joseph Hutchins, to Antigua.

EXPORTED [illegible] *the Port of* Charleſtown, *from* [illegible] *1ſt of* [illegible]

Rice, 11,[illegible] Barrels,	Tarr, 296 B[illegible]
Half [illegible]to,	Turpentine, [illegible] Barrels.
470 Bags.	Deer-Skins, [illegible]
Pitch, 1,[illegible] Barrels.	Indico, 8,[illegible]

PRICE CURRENT *at Charles-Town*.

Rice, per [illegible] 57 *ſ.* 6	Pork, 11 [illegible]
Pitch, 67 *ſ.* 6	Deer-Skins, [illegible] 15 *ſ.* [illegible]
Tar, 50 *ſ.* to 52 *ſ.* 6	Good Indico, [illegible]
Turpentine, 17 *ſ.* 6	Tann'd Leather [illegible]
Rozin, 15 *ſ.*	Corn, *per* Buſhel [illegible] *ſ.* 6
Beef, *per* Barrel, 6 *l.*	Peaſe, 10 *ſ.*

Mr. Timothy, *Charles-Town, January* 1[illegible] 1751.

I HAVE enquired the Price of good merchantable [illegible] and find it to be at 4 *l.* 10 *s.* [illegible] *Cent.* I am, [illegible]

JOHN HART, Commiſ[illegible] General.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Rev. Mr. *Francis Guichard*, [illegible] determined to quit this province, and retire [illegible] ſoon as poſſible (God willing) on *Thurſday* the 7th [illegible] will next, (if a fair day, but if not then the firſt fair day [illegible] ſold, on the ſpot, his plantation on [illegible] *Creek* pariſh, containing about [illegible] acres of good [illegible] with good dam, corn and indico land [illegible] well ſtored with lightwood timber for [illegible] Meſſrs. *Villeponteux*, [illegible] it a good dwelling-houſe, ſo pleaſantly ſituated that [illegible] thence ſee and call to every negro by his name, [illegible] 4 good rooms with fire-places, [illegible] a good cellar [illegible] chimney, barn 51 feet long and 31 [illegible] in it, (which houſe and barn have brick foundations [illegible] ther-boarded with inch [illegible] negro houſes and other conveniencies [illegible] *Creek* church, a few [illegible] ſome hogs, plantation tools, [illegible] negroes, among them a ſenſible [illegible] iron very well, milk cows, [illegible] many things, and a likely young [illegible] credit to paid down, [illegible] one half [illegible] intereſt be given for the other [illegible] ſhould be and giving ſecurity if required [illegible] from that paid with the other, then [illegible] half. The [illegible] may [illegible] houſe [illegible] and [illegible] houſhold furniture, and [illegible] will diſpoſe of [illegible] hiſtorical, divinity, &c. [illegible] collection of books, [illegible] THO-

THOMAS ELFE, *Cabinet-maker, having now a very good upholſterer from* London, *does all kinds of upholſterer's work, in the beſt and neweſt manner, and at the moſt reaſonable rates, viz. tapeſtry, damaſk, ſtuff, chints, or paper hangings for rooms; beds after the neweſt faſhion, and ſo that they may be taken off to be waſhed without inconveniency or damage; all ſorts of feſtoons and window curtains to draw up, and pully rod curtains; chairs ſtuff cover'd, tight or looſe; caſes for ditto: All kinds of machine chairs are likewiſe made, ſtuffed and covered for ſickly and weak people, and all ſorts of cabinet work done in the beſt manner, by the ſaid* THOMAS ELFE.

To be Sold at Auction, at the *New-Market-Houſe* in *Charles-Town*, on *Tueſday* the 28th inſtant, the remainder of the eſtate of *James Veuleux*, deceaſed, viz. a lot up the path, 35 feet wide and about 454 feet deep, (as it is now under fence) having a good ſound dwelling houſe thereon, containing 6 good rooms with a fire place in each, and a pidgeon houſe a top, (commonly known by the ſign of the *Bear*) alſo a good kitchen and oven, chaiſe-houſe, ſtable, and other conveniencies. One half of the purchaſe money to be paid on ſigning the deeds; the other half on the firſt of *January* next: But, if the latter half be paid as ſoon as the firſt, then 5 *per Cent.* will be diſcounted of the ſaid latter half, by *Francis Guichard*, Executor.

ALL Perſons indebted to *Alexander Cramahé* & company, upon bond, note, or otherwiſe, are deſired to diſcharge the ſame, on or before the firſt of *February* next, they will be ſued without further notice.

N. B. The ſtore in *Broad-ſtreet*, poſſeſſed by the ſaid company, is to be let or ſold. Enquire of *the Living*.

Imported in the *Loyal Judith*, Capt. *Cowie*, a freſh aſſortment of DRUGS to be ſold at very reaſonable prices, by the ſubſcriber, at his houſe in *Broad-ſtreet.* GEO. [illegible]IGEN.

N. B. Where may be had *Turlington's* Balſam of Life, *Bateman's* Drop, *Squire's* Elixir, *Hungary* Water, &c.

The Subſcribers being Veſtry-men and Church-wardens of the pariſh of *St. James Goose Creek*, have aſſeſſed the inhabitants and others, owners of land, ſlaves and money at intereſt in the ſaid pariſh, for the maintenance of the poor thereof as follows, for every hundred acres of land *one ſhilling*, for every ſlave *one ſhilling*, and for every hundred pounds current money at intereſt *ſix pence.* All perſons ſubject to pay the ſaid aſſeſſment, are therefore required to give an account of their lands, ſlaves and money at intereſt in the ſaid pariſh, and alſo to pay the ſaid aſſeſſment to Meſſrs. *Henry Smith*, *Sedgwick Lewis*, or *Peter May*, on or before the day appointed for their receiving the next general tax in the ſaid pariſh. ROBERT BROWN, *Church-Warden.*

Zach. Villeponteux. *Peter Taylor.*
William Middleton. *Richard Singleton.*
Robert Gough. *John Martin.*

To be Sold *by the Subſcriber, ſuper-fine yard wide cloths and broad ditto, imported in Capt.* Payne, *and various kinds of faſhionable ſtuffs, with other goods ſuitable for the ſeaſon; which will be ſold as cheap as imported, or cheaper by the piece. And all Perſons indebted to the ſubſcriber, by bond, note or book-debt, are deſired to ſettle their accompts, before the 1ſt of* February, *or they will then be ſued for the ſame without further notice, as he intends for* England *about that time. All perſons to whom he is indebted, are deſired to bring in their accompts, that they may be paid immediately.* JOHN PARNHAM.

These *are to deſire all Perſons, who have any demands on the eſtate of Col.* Thomas Aſhby, *deceas'd, to give in their accompts properly atteſted to the ſubſcribers, on or before the 10th day of* February *next, that proper meaſures may be taken for the diſcharge of the ſame; and all thoſe who are any ways indebted to the ſaid eſtate, to diſcharge their reſpective debts, or ſettle to ſatiſfaction, by the time above-mention'd.* Samuel Thomas *and* Thomas Aſhby, *Executors.*

To be Sold, on Monday the 21ſt of *January* next, at the Muſter-field on *James Iſland*, the plantation that belonged to *Benjamin Witter* deceaſed, containing 125 acres, (very good for corn or rice) with a good dwelling-houſe, barn and other conveniences, and all in good order to make a crop directly. The purchaſer may have any reaſonable credit, paying intereſt from the day, and giving good ſecurity, to *William Screven*, *James Screven*, *Daniel Rivers*, Executors.

The Subſcribers give Notice to the Gentlemen and ladies, that after the 25th of *March* next, they can take no children under their care for leſs than 10*l.* at entrance, and the like ſum per quarter: But thoſe who have already entered, or may do ſo before the ſaid 25th of *March*, will be continued at 8*l.* entrance and 8*l.* per quarter, by *Their moſt humble Servants,* SCANLAN & DERING.

SOUTH-CAROLINA. WHEREAS *Thomas Pretty*, of the ſaid Province, hath exhibited his Petition to the Chief Juſtice and Juſtices of the Court of Common Pleas, ſetting forth, that he is in the Cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal of this Province, upon Meſne Proceſs, at the Suit of *Daniel Gardner*, for a Debt by him ſued for, and that he is ready and willing to make Surrender, upon Oath, to any one or more of his Creditors, in Truſt for the Reſt, all and ſingular his Eſtate, both real and perſonal, a Liſt or Schedule of his Eſtate being annexed to his ſaid Petition, and prays to be admitted to the Benefit of the Acts of the General Aſſembly of this Province in ſuch Caſe made and provided. *It is therefore ORDERED*, and the ſaid *Daniel Gardner*, and all others whom the ſaid Petitioner is in any ways indebted, are hereby ſummoned, and have Notice to appear at the uſual Place of Judicature in *Charles-Town*, at the Meeting of the Court of *Common Pleas* which ſhall happen next after *Thirty* Days from the Publication hereof, to ſhew Cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid Petitioner ſhould not have the Prayer of his Petition granted. *January* 7th, 1751.

J. WEDDERBURN, *Cl. C. P.*

A *handy* Mulatto *Boy to wait on a Gentleman, or to drive a chaiſe, to be hired. Enquire of* William Roper.

N. B. *The ſaid* William Roper, *has rum and ſugar to ſell very cheap, by the hogſhead or quarter caſk.*

To be Sold by the Subſcriber, on *Tueſday* the 29th inſtant, the lands belonging to the eſtate of *Gideon Dewſe*, deceaſ'd, containing 88 acres and 2 6ths, to the higheſt bidder for ready money. *Hugh Dewſe*, Executor.

SOUTH-CAROLINA. *WHEREAS John Martin*, of the ſaid Province, hath exhibited his Petition to the Chief Juſtice and Juſtices of the Court of Common Pleas, ſetting forth, that he is in the Cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal of this Province, upon Meſne Proceſs, at the Suit of *Rice Price*, for a Debt by him ſued for, and that he is ready and willing to make Surrender, upon Oath, to any One or more of his Creditors, in Truſt for the Reſt, all and ſingular his Eſtate, both real and perſonal, a Liſt or Schedule thereof being annex'd to his ſaid Petition, and prays to be admitted to the Benefit of the Acts of the General Aſſembly of this Province in that Caſe made and provided. *It is therefore ordered*, and the ſaid *Rice Price*, and all others to whom the ſaid Petitioner is in any ways indebted, are hereby ſummoned, and have Notice to appear at the uſual Place of Judicature in *Charles-Town*, at the Court of Common Pleas which ſhall happen *Thirty* Days next after Publication hereof, to ſhew Cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid Petitioner ſhould not have the Prayer of his Petition granted. *January* 7th, 1751.

J. WEDDERBURN, *Cl.C.P.*

Just imported from *Edinburgh*, and to be ſold by the ſubſcriber, at *Robert Deck's*, joiner in *Church-Street*, great choice of ſtrip'd hollands, checks, broad and narrow diapers, *Edinburgh* check'd handkerchiefs, women's kid and lamb ſkin white gloves and mittens, ſtrip'd and plain lawns and lawn handkerchiefs, thread ſtockings, fine damaſk napkins and table-cloths, *Scotch* linnens, printed linnens, bed patterns, check'd ſhirts, men's ſhoes and pumps, capuchins, reflons, caps, fringes, and ſundry other goods for ladies wear, bed ticks, variety of white and colour'd threads, bibles, &c. *George Forbes.*

N. B. He will take good rice in payment for any of the above goods.

For LONDON directly,

The SHIP
BENNET GALLEY,
JOHN WADHAM, Maſter.

WILL ſail by the 20th inſtant, having 700 barrels of her cargo already engaged: And has the beſt accommodations for paſſengers. For freight or paſſage treat with ſaid maſter, at Mr. *Lloyd*'s, or on board the ſaid ſhip at her wharff.

To be Sold on Wedneſday the 16th Day of *January* 1750-1, in *St. Thomas*'s pariſh, about 7 miles from *Charles-Town*, all the real and perſonal eſtate of *Hercules Coyte* deceaſed, containing 35 acres of land very well timber'd, fronting a creek that leads out of *Cooper-River*, a negro fellow and wench, a ſmall ſtock of horſes and cattle, and a few houſhold goods; the whole under mortgage to Mr. *Samuel Mills* and *John Buller Coyte* executor of the ſaid eſtate: the condition of the ſale, ready money, and nothing to be delivered 'till the caſh is paid *John Buller Coyte*.

THE Subſcribers to the Rev. Mr. *Samuel Quincy*'s ſermons, are deſir'd to ſend to my houſe for them. As the author has been at a conſiderable expence in printing and binding theſe ſermons, it is expected, that every one will immediately pay the remaining half of the ſubſcription, which is *Twenty-ſeven ſhillings* and *ſix pence* currency for each book. JOHN LINING

To be Sold by the Subſcriber, oppoſite where Doctor *Dale* lived in *Church-ſtreet*, choice *Barbados* rum and right *Herefordſhire* cyder,—men's ſilk hoſe,—ready made great coats,—very handſome ſteel ſhoe and knee buckles,—a quantity of window glaſs 8 by 10,—padlocks,—hand ſaw files and ſets,—a large quantity of gimblets, &c. at very reaſonable rates. *John Burgwin*.

To be Lett, two Brick Tenements in *Broad-ſtreet*, belonging to the eſtate of *Marmaduke Aiſh*, deceas'd; lately occupied by Mr. *William Wilkins*, and Mrs. *Anne Watſon*. Enquire of Mr. *John Burgwin*, oppoſite where the late Doctor *Dale* lived in *Church-ſtreet*.

Alſo, all perſons any ways indebted to the above eſtate, are deſired immediately to pay what they reſpectively owe, or they will be ſued without further notice from the executors.

Hopkin Price, *William Yeomans*, and *William Harvey*.

Juſt imported *in the* Conſtantia, Peter Reaſton, *maſter, from* Hull, *and are to be ſold by the ſubſcriber, at his ſtore on the Bay (the corner of* Tradd-ſtreet*) late in poſſeſſion of Mr.* Joſeph Hatton, *a quite freſh aſſortment of goods, viz. great variety of millinary ware of the neweſt faſhions, as ribbans, fringes, lace, fans, ſtocks, capuchins, and hair hats for ladies,—alſo a very great variety of jewellery ware both for ladies and gentlemen's wear, the particulars too tedious to mention here, with a very good eight-day clock time-piece and watches,—huckaback for tabling or towelling,—blankets of moſt ſorts and ſizes,—cloths of moſt ſorts and colours, as broad cloth, plains, bearſkins, mill'd, forreſt and beaver cloths, frizes, kerſeys, corded druggets, thickſet, cotton rib fuſtians, wormets, linſeys and ermine, with variety of camblets, callimancoes and everlaſtings, ready made cloaths of moſt ſizes, women's ſcarlet cloaks, and all ſorts of made cloth cloaks for gentlemen,—men, women, and children's ſhoes, boots and toed clogs, of all ſorts and ſizes,—men, women and children's knit ribbed and plain worſted and yarn hoſe and caps,—gloves and mittins the ſame of all ſizes,—hats fine and coarſe,—womens ſtays and colour'd handkerchiefs,—and the moſt uſeful articles of copper, braſs, pewter, and hard ware,—the neweſt faſhioned gilt metal, ſtone and glaſs buttons,—plated ſpurs, and artificial magnets,—beſt* Scotch *ſnuff,—fine flower of muſtard, red herrings,—fine gilt, raiſed and plain earthen ware,—bar iron, ...—white and black oakum,—ſmall cables for pettiaugers,—right* Scarborough *ſpaw water in bottles,—fine* Florence, Mountain, *and* Canary *wines, fine pale* Yorkſhire *ale in ſmall caſks, with ſome fine large coal, by* THOMAS REASTON.

CHARLES BLUNDY, *a regular-bred Watch-maker, from* LONDON.

NEXT Door to *Gabriel Manigault*, Eſq; makes and mends all kinds of Clocks and Watches, in the beſt manner, and with the utmoſt diſpatch.

For COWES and HOLLAND,

The Ship
***DUKE** of CUMBERLAND,*
Capt. GIDDINGS,

NOW lying at Mr. *Wright*'s Wharff, and will ſail with all poſſible Expedition: For Freight agree with
Dec. 20th, 1750. *AUSTIN & LAURENS.*

To be Sold, on *Friday* the 18th Day of *January* next, at the plantation of *Kenneth Michie*, deceaſed, which formerly belonged to *William Dry*, Eſq; on *Charles-Town* neck, and but ſeven miles from *Charles-Town*; the ſaid plantation containing about 864 acres of land, on which are a good dwelling-houſe and ſeveral other convenient buildings, a good orchard ſtocked with the beſt variety of apple, pear, and other young bearing fruit trees, and a very good garden.

There is a large and bold creek leading up from *Cooper's River* (which runs juſt by the ſaid plantation) to the landing, where the largeſt pettiagua, ſchooner or ſloop may, with the greateſt eaſe and ſafety, lye cloſe to the bluff.

A-croſs the ſaid creek, through the marſh, which belongs partly to *James Wright*, Eſq; and partly to the eſtate of the ſaid *Kenneth Michie*, was made ſome years ago, a large and ſubſtantial dam to keep out the tide, and which, with the neceſſary care and proper management and diligence uſed, has had the deſired effect, namely, to ſweeten and freſhen the ſalt (or the greateſt part thereof rather brackiſh) marſh, for the planting rice: And altho' there is yet a great quantity of that ſort of land adjoining unattempted, and which is not to be doubted may, and with very little trouble and expence, will become good rice land, yet there is from 80 to 100 acres (beſides ſeveral acres of valuable ſwamp) which will be fit to be planted next ſpring, ſome acres whereof two years ago were, by way of experiment planted with, and produced as good rice, as any made that year in this province; and being made on that part which was ſituated neareſt the ſalts, is a ſufficient and demonſtrative proof, that that land, eſpecially with the further and additional advantage which it will have had by next ſpring, of three years more freſhening, may with the greateſt certainty be then attempted with the ſtaple of rice. The high land belonging to the ſaid plantation, is very fit for corn, indigo and potatoes, and the paſturage inferior, 'tis imagined, to very few plantations in this [illegible].

There will be ſold, at the ſame time, a choice [illegible] ſtock of cattle, horſes, ſheep and hogs, a quantity of corn [illegible] and potatoes, and plantation tools. [illegible]

N.B. The ſale will begin by 11 o'clock in the forenoon, when the conditions thereof will be publiſhed.

DOCTOR *THOMAS CHAMLERS* from *England*, offers a charitable cure to any poor people in this province that are unable to anſwer a phyſician's charge; and he recommends it a good prevention of the diſeaſes that are moſt common here, to boil the water with a little ſnake root in it before they drink it. He may be ſpoke with at any time, at Mrs. *Truſler*'s on the *Bay*.

BROUGHT to the WORK-HOUSE.

Cato, *a run-away negro man, who ſpeaks bad* Engliſh, *but ſays he belongs to Mr.* Gideon *at* George-Town.

A run-away negro fellow, belonging to Mr. Leſſene

And another run away, belonging to Mr. Elias Ball

A Black Horſe upwards of 13 Hands high, a ſtar in his forehead, a ſmall white ſpot on each ſide of his back, no brand to be perceived, a ſwitch tail. The owner muſt prove his property before *Nathaniel Broughton*.

To be Sold by *Samuel Maverick* on *James Iſland*, a veſſel lately lanched, intended for a brigantine, burthen 116 or 118 tons, with a deep waſte.

A very handy, likely, healthy boy, uſed to a houſe, and a likely, ſtrong, young wench, to be ſold. Any perſon wanting ſuch, may be informed who has them, upon enquiring of the printer.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by *PETER TIMOTHY*, at the new **Printing-Office** at the Corner of *Tradd-ſtreet* and *King-ſtreet*.